

### Montefiore

Making the Grade: The Surgeon Report Card

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## If you don't know where you are going, any road will get you there.

**Lewis Carroll** 





The days of the <u>solitary physician toiling in isolation</u> are long gone. Increasingly, physicians are <u>practicing in teams</u> within complex organizations, and the <u>quality and safety of health care</u> <u>depend on all team members</u> and the system in which they work.

Physicians could make a much stronger case for continued self-governance if they took a more <u>visible and vigorous leadership</u> role in efforts that led to <u>major improvements in the quality and safety</u> of patient care.

Aiming Higher to Enhance Professionalism Beyond Accreditation and Certification Mark R. Chassin, David W. Baker, *JAMA*. 2015;313(18)





### **CMS Inpatient Pay for Performance Programs**

### Data sources for hospital and physician ratings

- 1. Readmission Reduction Program
- 2. Value-Based Purchasing (VBP)
- 3. Hospital Acquired Condition (HAC) Reduction Program





### Readmission Reduction

### Applicable conditions

- For FY 2013 penalties
  - Acute myocardial infarction (AMI)
  - Heart Failure (HF)
  - Pneumonia (PNE)
- For FY 2015-2017 penalties add
  - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD);
  - Orthopedic Total Knee/Hip Arthroplasty (THA/ TKA);
  - Post op Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting (CABG);

### Data source

- Medicare administrative claims data
- Risk adjustment based on hospital case mix

### Readmission definition

- Return to hospital within 30-days of eligible index admission
- All-cause readmissions



### CMS: Value Based Purchasing (VBP)

- Penalties applied staring in FY 2013
  - Clinical process- Core Measures- AMI, HF, PNE, SCIP
  - Patient experience- Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and System (HCAHPS)
  - Expanded
    - Outcomes/Safety domain
      - » 2014 Mortality-AMI, HF, PNE
      - » 2015 PSI-90 and CLABSI
      - » 2016 CAUTI and SSI
    - Efficiency domain- spending per Medicare beneficiary- 2015
- At risk CMS payments and your reputation
- Two year lag from data collection and penalties
- Hospital performance is relative to other hospitals





### **Clinical Process of Care (Core Measure)**

Based on abstraction from the medical record

AMI	Aspirin p	scharge	
	Fibrinolytic	within 30 minute	
	Primary percul	ention (PCI)	tes of arrival
HF	Discharge instruc		
	Evaluation of left ve.	· ir	
	ACE-I or ARB for left v		ction
Pneu	Blood culture performe	ed i	t antibiotic
	Appropriate antibiotic	sele	
SCIP	Venous thromboembo	<del>[</del>	vithin 24 hrs of surgery
	Prophylactic antibiot		ırgery
	Prophylactic antib	or s	s
	Prophylactic ar	tinued wit	8 hrs for CTS)
	Cardiac surc	th 6 AM control	Q day 1 & 2)
	Urinary c	on post-op day 1 o	
	Surger	eceived beta blockers	pe

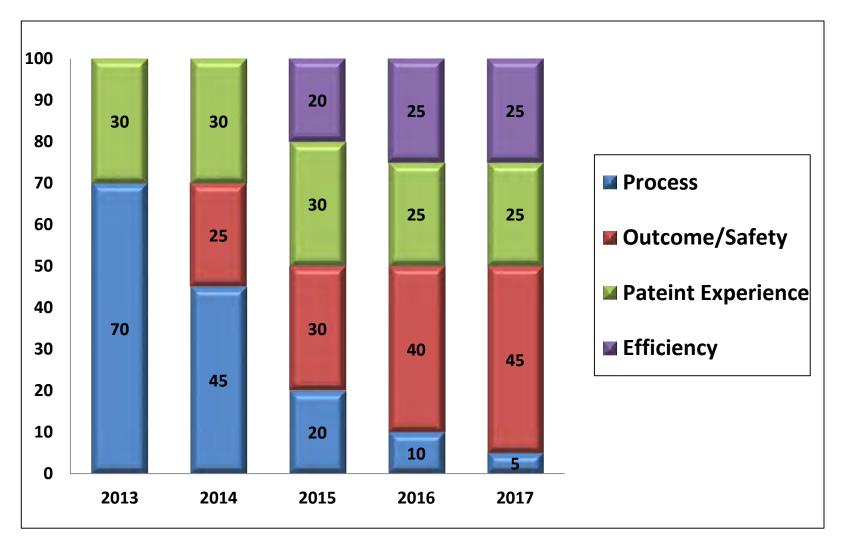
# **Experience:**ssessment of Healthcare System (HCAHPS)

HCAHPS	
Survey Dimensions	
Communication with	
nurses	
Communication with	
doctors	
Responsiveness of	
hospital staff	
Pain management	
Communication about	
medications	
Cleanliness and quietness	
Discharge information	
Overall rating of hospital	





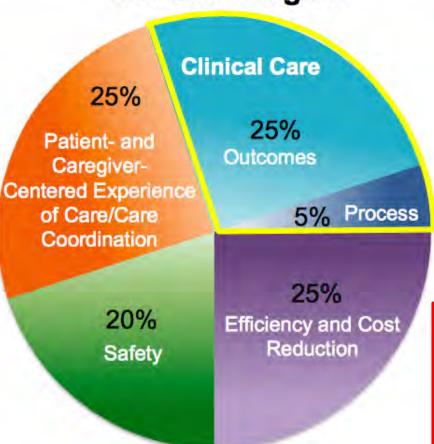
## Changes in VBP Indicator Weighting: from Process to Outcome





## FY 2017 Domain Weights and Measures

### **Domain Weights**



Patient- and Caregiver-Centered Experience of Care/Care Coordination

Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (HCAHPS) Survey

#### **Clinical Care**

Outcomes	Process
MORT-30-AMI	AMI-7a
MORT-30-HF	IMM-2
MORT-30-PN	PC-01*

**Efficiency and Cost Reduction** 

MSPB-1

#### Safety

CLABSI

SSI: Colon & Abdominal Hysterectomy

MRSA Infections\*
C-difficile Infections\*
AHRQ PSI-90





## Agency for Health Care Research and Quality (AHRQ) Patient Safety Indicators (PSI-90) Administrative data based on documentation

**PSI-3: Pressure Ulcer rate - 2.4%** 

**PSI-6:** latrogenic pneumothorax rate – 7.1%

**PSI-7: CLABSI— 6.5%** 

**PSI-8: Post operative hip fracture rate – 0.1%** 

**PSI-12: Perioperative PE/DVT rate – 25.8%** 

**PSI-13: Post Operative sepsis rate - 7.4%** 

**PSI-14: Wound dehiscence rate - 1.7%** 

**PSI-15: Accidental puncture and laceration – 49.2%** 

### HAC Reduction Program Framework 2017 Bottom 25% of hospitals penalized

### **Domain 1**

(AHRQ Measure)

### Weighted 25%

### **AHRQ PSI-90 Composite**

This measure consists of performance period from July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2014:

PSI-3: pressure Ulcer rate - 2.4%

PSI-6: latrogenic pneumothorax rate - 7.1%

PSI-7: central venous catheter-related blood stream

infection rate – 6.5%

PSI-8: Post operative hip fracture rate – 0.1%

PSI-12: Perioperative PE/DVT rate - 25.8%

PSI-13: Post Operative sepsis rate - 7.4%

PSI-14: wound dehiscence rate - 1.7%

PSI-15: accidental puncture and laceration – 49.2%

### Domain 2

(CDC Measures)

### Weighted 75%

**CAUTI** 

**CLABSI** 

**Surgical Site Infection** 

Colon Surgery

**Abdominal Hysterectomy** 

**MRSA** 

**C Diff** 





### Overlap between VBP and HAC programs

- Surgical Site Infections
  - Colorectal surgery
  - Hysterectomy
- Patient Safety Indicators
- Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)
- Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections (CLABSI)
- Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus
- Clostridium difficile







♦ Hospital Readmissions Reduction

 For hospitals: update your address, phone number and other administrative data.

Program
Data updated Dec. 2013

Number of selected surgical procedures performed in outpatient surgical

departments.



· Supplier Directory











### Hospitals reputation can affect your reputation



How America finds a doctor."

Find Doctors

Find Dentists

**Find Hospitals** 

### Your Doctor Determines Your Hospital

octors have admitting privileges—permission to treat patients—at certain hospitals. That's right. You can't noose any doctor you want and expect to be treated at any hospital you want. If your doctor's hospital falls short in quality, you should find a doctor who treats patients at a hospital likely to offer you the best possible outcome. In other words, you may need to limit your search to doctors who can treat you at a hospital with 5 stars for the treatment you need. Healthgrades shows you the doctor's hospital affiliation(s) so that you can make clear choices.







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\*Enter one or more of the fields below



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#### ANGIE'S LIST GUIDE TO

### General Surgery

General surgery is a specialty that focuses on the abdomen and the digestive system in addition to many diseases and conditions involving skin, breasts, soft tissues and hernias.

Join Now



When looking for a general surgeon, find one who is properly licensed, trained and with whom your feel comfortable.





### When are surgeons evaluated?

- Board certification
- Hospital credentialing
- Malpractice insurance
- Patient referrals
- Triple Aim/Gain Sharing and bonus programs



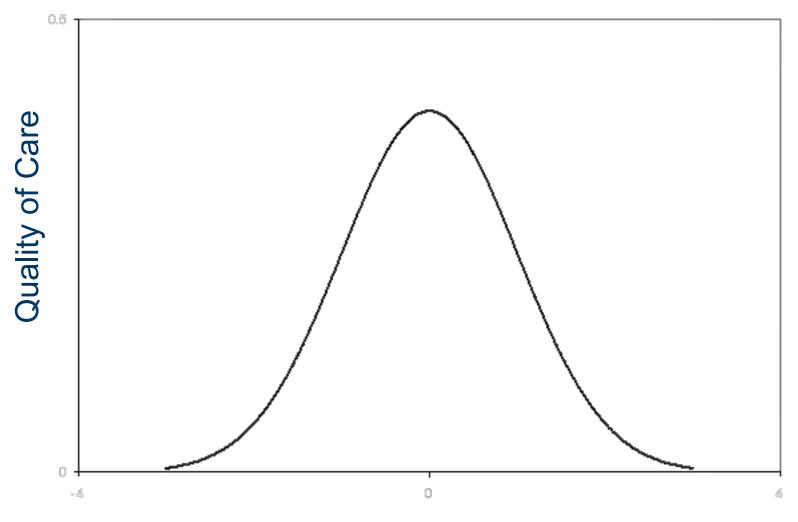


### Why Rate Surgeons?









**Number of Surgeons** 





**Number of Surgeons** 





### Why Rate Surgeons?

- The public has a right to know the quality of surgical outcomes
- Ethical responsibility
- Benchmark for improvement





### Origins of Quality in Surgery

Hammurabi King of Babylon, 1750 BC

### Code of Hammurabi 218 (Quality):

 If a physician make a large incision with the operating knife, and kill him, or open a tumor with the operating knife, and cut out the eye, his hands shall be cut off.

### Lessons Learned for Cardiac Surgery

- Mostly driven by state requirements
- Society of Thoracic Surgery leadership
- Overall benefit of public reporting is unproven
- Provides transparency and accountability
- May facilitate quality improvement
- No substantial impact on patient referral patterns or market share
- Avoid excessive focus on process measures
- Unintended consequences include including gaming and risk aversion





### Surgeon Scorecard

by Sisi Wei, Olga Pierce and Marshall Allen, ProPublica, Updated July 15, 2015

Guided by experts, ProPublica calculated death and complication rates for surgeons performing one of eight elective procedures in Medicare, carefully adjusting for differences in patient health; age and hospital quality. Use this database to know more about a surgeon before your operation.

#### READ OUR STORY

Making the Cut: Why Choosing the Right Surgeon Matters Even More Than You Know

#### METHODOLOGY

Read how we calculated complications and the key questions we considered.

#### EDITOR'S NOTE

Why ProPublica is naming surgeons and what experts are saying about it

Find Near Me	Find a Surgeon	Find a Hospital			
Surgeons ar	nd Hospitals Nea	ar My Location			
e C 155 6th Averus New York, New York		Knee Replacement	0	a	

Pick a state

.. or jump straight to your state:

### **Eight Elective Procedures**

We focused on procedures done thousands of times a day, mostly without incident. They are scheduled in advance and generally performed on patients in stable health. We excluded patients who came in through the emergency room or from facilities like nursing homes. Read our methodology »



#### Knee Replacement

Replace diseased knee joint with an artificial knee.



#### Hip Replacement

Replace diseased hip joint with an artificial hip joint.



#### Gallbladder Removal, Laparoscopic

Minimally invasive gallbladder removal.



#### Lumbar Spinal Fusion, Posterior Column

The fusing of two or more vertebrae in the lower back, performed on the back portion of the spine.



#### Lumbar Spinal Fusion, Anterior Column

The fusing of two or more vertebrae in the lower back, performed on the front portion of the spine.



#### **Prostate Removal**

The removal of the entire prostate gland via the open or laparoscopic or robotic method.



#### Prostate Resection

The resection and removal of a portion of the prostate through the urethra.



#### Cervical (Neck) Spinal Fusion

The fusing of two or more vertebrae of the neck, using orthopedic devices to hold them in place,

### Surgeons, Not Hospitals

Conventional wisdom tells patients to simply choose a good hospital when they need surgery. But ProPublica has found that even within "good" hospitals, performance between surgeons can vary significantly. Half of all hospitals in America have surgeons with low and high complication rates. Read our story "

### 16,019

Surgeons rated in ProPublica's analysis

63,173

Medicare patients were readmitted with complications between 2009 and 2013 3,405

Medicare patients died during a hospital stay for elective surgery between 2009 and 2013

### **Background Stories**

How Many Die From Medical Mistakes in U.S. Hospitals? An updated estimate says it could be at least 210,000 patients a year – more than twice the number in the Institute of Medicine's frequently quoted report, "To Err is Human."

The Two Things That Rarely Happen After a Medical Mistake Patients seldom are told or get an apology when they are harmed during medical care, according to a new study based on results from ProPublica's Patient Harm Questionnaire.

#### We're Still Not Tracking Patient Harm

Top patient-safety experts call on Congress to step in and, among other steps, give the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention wider responsibility for measuring medical mistakes.

Read the entire series »

## ProPublica Rational to Attribute Outcomes to the Surgeon

"The best interest of the patient is thus optimally served because of the surgeon's comprehensive knowledge of the patient's disease and surgical management."

https://www.facs.org/about-acs/statements/25-perioperative#sthash.IMw4TDGW.dpuf







Surgeon Scorecard » New York » Hospitals

### MONTEFIORE MEDICAL CENTER

111 EAST 210TH STREET, BRONX, NEW YORK, 10467, PHONE: 718-920-4321

#### How Surgeons at This Hospital Perform, by Procedure



How we calculated these rates: Guided by top researchers and doctors, ProPublica used Medicare data from 2009-2013 to identify cases where a patient died in the hospital or had to be readmitted within 30 days for a problem related to one of these elective procedures. We then calculated complication rates for surgeons, carefully accounting for differences in patient health, age and hospital quality. These rates are calculated using data from Medicare records, which do not include patients with private insurance or in another program like Medicaid. A surgeon's rate spans all hospitals at which he or she operates and is not unique to a given hospital. Read our methodology »

Important: Some surgeons may no longer be operating at this hospital.

Hover over underlined items to see details.



## ProPublica Surgeon Scorecard Cohort Selection

- Medicare fee for service in-patient 2009 2013
- Excluded trauma, transfers, high-risk cases with complications beyond surgeon's control
- Common elective surgeries in 3,575 hospitals
- 16,827 surgeons with ≥20 cases

ICD-9 Code	Procedure	N
51.23	Laparoscopic cholecystectomy	201,351
60.5	Radical prostatectomy	78,763
60.29	Transurethral prostatectomy (TURP)	73,752
81.02	Cervical fusion of the anterior column, anterior technique	$52,\!972$
81.07	Lumbar and lumbosacral fusion of the posterior column, posterior technique	106,689
81.08	Lumbar and lumbosacral fusion of the anterior column, posterior technique	102,716
81.51	Total hip replacement	$494,\!576$
81.54	Total knee replacement	$1,\!190,\!631$
Total		2,376,851





### Outcomes: "adjusted " complication rates

- 3,405 who died within 30 days
- 63,173 patients readmitted within 30 days with complication

Complication type	N	Example
Infection	13,899	998.59 - Postoperative infection
Clot	7,732	415.11 - Iatrogenic pulmonary embolism
Reaction	$5,\!164$	996.6 - Infection and inflammatory reaction due to internal joint prosthesis
Mechanical	4,850	996.47 - Mechanical complication of prosthetic joint implant
Sepsis	4,702	03.89 - Septicemia
Bone	$3,\!535$	996.44 - Peri-prosthetic fracture around prosthetic joint
Death	3,470	
Hematoma	$3,\!168$	998.12 - Hematoma complicating a procedure
Wound	2,793	998.2 - Accidental puncture or laceration during a procedure
Hemorrhage	2,698	998.11 - Hemorrhage complicating a procedure
Pain	2,169	338.18 - Acute postoperative pain
Digestive	1,957	997.49 - Digestive system complications
C.diff	1,843	00.845 - Intestinal infection due to Clostridium difficile
Misc. Comp.	1,531	787.22 - Dysphagia, oropharyngeal phase
Vascular	$1,\!159$	997.2 - Surgical complications of the peripheral vascular system
Inflammation	931	604.99 - Orchitis, epididymitis, and epididymo-orchitis, no mention of abscess
Seroma	673	998.13 - Seroma complicating a procedure
Fever	520	780.62 - Postprocedural fever
Urinary	486	997.5 - Surgical complications of the urinary tract





## Concerns about ProPublica Surgeon Scorecard

- Focus on readmissions
  - Complication plausibly associated with surgery
  - But most complications (67%) occur with in the index admission
- Does not consider hospital to hospital differences
- Relies on claims data
- Risk adjustment- not validated





## American College of Surgeons (ACS) National Surgical Quality Improvement Program

- Started by the Veterans Health Administration in 1991
- Implemented by ACS into private sector hospitals 2001
- Worldwide there are >400 participating hospitals
- Abstracted from medical record not claims data
- Data-driven, risk-adjusted, 30 day outcomes
- Satisfies CMS structural measure for <u>Hospital Inpatient</u>
   Quality Reporting (IQR) Program
- Cam be used for ABS MOC requirement, and JC OPPE
- Surgeon specific to hospital reports with benchmarks



### Surgical Risk Calculator



**Risk Calculator Homepage** 

About FAQ Website **ACS Website** 

**ACS NSQIP** 

### **Enter Patient and Surgical Information**

Begin by entering below the processelect it. You may	the procedure nan dure box. You will also search using ween, for example:	partial; with anastomosion or CPT code. One on the dotwo words (or two panathor) or cholecystectomy+cleset All Selections	r more procedures esired procedures rtial words) by pla holangiography"	to properly	Clear
Are there other po appropriate treatm	tential	Other Surgical Options	Other Non-o	perative 🗹 N	lone
		ollowing information as y estimates. generated if you cannot below.			
Age Group	65-74 years	<b>‡</b>	Diabetes 💡	Insulin ‡	
Sex	Male ‡	Hypertens	sion requiring ?	Yes ‡	
Functional status	Partially Dependen	t : Previous	cardiac event (?)	Yes :	
Emergency case	( ,	Congestive h	eart failure in 🥐	No :	
ASA class 🤅	III - Severe systemi	ic disease	÷		
Wound class	Clean/ Contaminate	ed ‡	Dyspnea 🕐	With Moderate exer	tion ‡
Steroid use for chronic condition	Yes	Current sm	noker within 1 🥐	Yes ‡	
Ascites within 30 days prior to surgery	No ‡	History of	severe COPD 😢	No ‡	
Systemic sepsis within 48 hours prior ( to surgery	None :		Dialysis 💡	No :	
		Acute	Renal Failure 🕐	No ‡	
Ventilator dependent	No ‡	BMI Ca	lculation: 🕐 Height (in)	69	
Disseminated cancer	No +		Weight (lbs)	189	











### Surgical Risk Calculator



**Risk Calculator Homepage** 

About

FAQ ACS Website

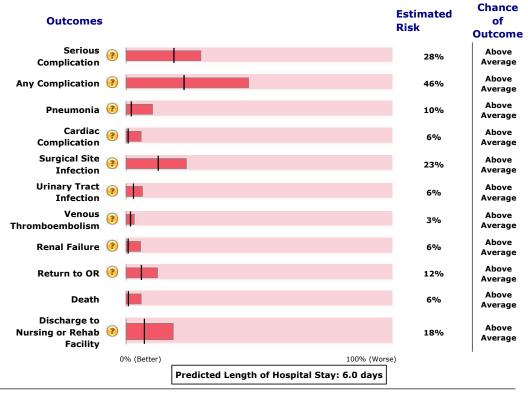
**ACS NSQIP Website** 

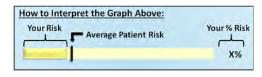
Procedure

44140 - Colectomy, partial; with anastomosis

Risk Factors Age: 65-74, Male, Partially dependent functional status, ASA III, Clean/Contaminated wound, Chronic steroids, Diabetes (insulin), HTN, Previous cardiac, Dyspnea with exertion, Smoker, Overweight

**Change Patient Risk Factors** 





#### Surgeon Adjustment of Risks

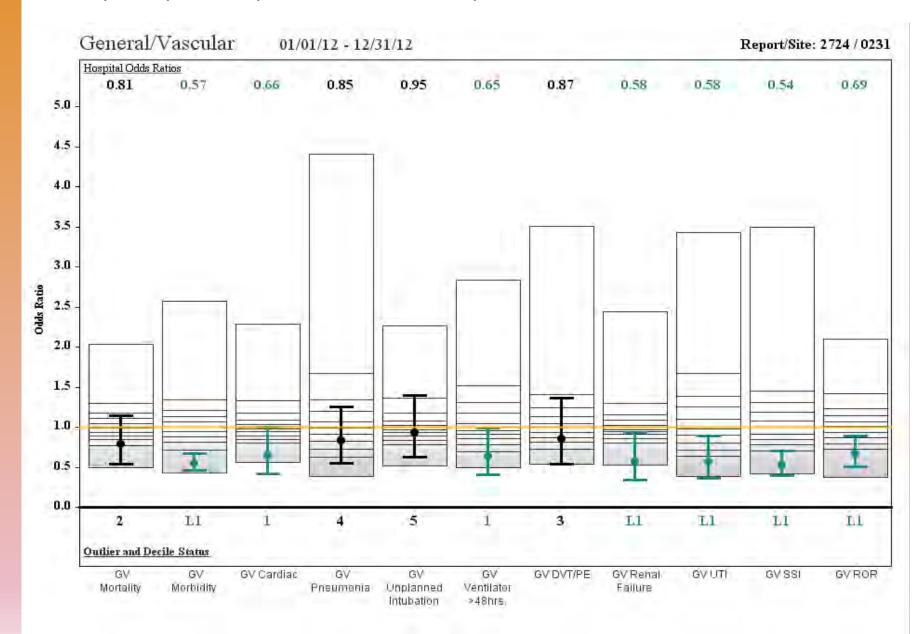
This will need to be used infrequently, but surgeons may adjust the estimated risks if they feel the calculated risks are underestimated. This should only be done if the reason for the increased risks was NOT already ente

1 - No adjustment necessary





### GENERAL/VASCULAR



# Preparing for your report card (choosing the road)

- Know your hospitals performance on publicly reported measures
- Participate in hospital PI projects
- Review your performance
  - Know your outcomes
  - Make a plan to continuously improve
  - Minimize variability
  - Monitor patient comments





